

# National Transportation Safety Board Aviation Accident Final Report

Location: McAllen, TX Accident Number: DFW05LA029

Date & Time: 12/04/2004, 1441 CST Registration: N161FL

Aircraft: Convair 580 Aircraft Damage: Substantial

**Defining Event:** Injuries: 3 None

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General Aviation - Flight Test

### **Analysis**

The 9,500-hour ATP-rated pilot was forced to secure the left engine during a maintenance test flight following the malfunction of the left propeller. The crew executed single-engine instrument landing system (ILS) approach to runway 13. During short final, the crew noticed that the alternator light was illuminated and the hydraulic pressure gauge indicated "o" pressure. The landing gear was already extended and the flaps were partially extended, so the crew elected to continue the approach to a full-stop landing. Upon landing, the pilot immediately turned on the direct current (DC) hydraulic pump. The pilot added that he then realized that he was unable to maintain directional control of the airplane due to the lack of nose wheel steering and the ineffective wheel brakes. As a result, the airplane continued to veer to the right and exited the runway. The airplane collided with the airport perimeter fence and continued down into a drainage ditch. The examination of the aircraft revealed that the hydraulic pump switch did not appear as if it had been turned on.

# **Probable Cause and Findings**

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: The failure to activate the hydraulic pump which resulted in the pilot's inability to maintain directional control.

### **Findings**

Occurrence #1: LOSS OF CONTROL - ON GROUND/WATER

Phase of Operation: LANDING - ROLL

#### **Findings**

1. (C) HYDRAULIC SYSTEM, PUMP - NOT ACTIVATED

2. (C) DIRECTIONAL CONTROL - NOT POSSIBLE - PILOT IN COMMAND

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Occurrence #2: ON GROUND/WATER COLLISION WITH OBJECT

Phase of Operation: LANDING - ROLL

#### **Findings**

3. OBJECT - FENCE

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Occurrence #3: ON GROUND/WATER ENCOUNTER WITH TERRAIN/WATER

Phase of Operation: LANDING - ROLL

#### **Findings**

4. TERRAIN CONDITION - DITCH

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#### **Factual Information**

On December 4, 2004, approximately 1441 central standard time, a Convair 580 twin-engine airplane, N161FL, registered to and operated by IFL Group, Inc., of Waterford, Michigan, sustained substantial damage when it impacted terrain following a loss of directional control while landing at McAllen-Miller International Airport (MFE), near McAllen, Texas. The airline transport pilot (ATP), commercial pilot, and mechanic were not injured. Instrument meteorological conditions prevailed, and an IFR flight plan was filed for the local flight that was conducted under the provisions of 14 Code of Federal Regulations Part 91. The maintenance flight originated from MFE approximately 1354.

In a telephone interview with an NTSB representative, the 9,500-hour airline transport pilot stated that the left propeller had recently been worked on, so he was performing a post-maintenance test flight to verify the condition of the propeller. During the flight, the crew shut down the left engine and then restarted the engine. After the engine was restarted, the propeller was not operating properly, so the crew elected to secure the engine and return to the airport for a single-engine landing.

The crew proceeded to execute the instrument landing system (ILS) approach to runway 13. After breaking through the overcast ceiling at 500 feet above the ground, the crew prepared for a full-stop landing on runway 13 (7,120- foot long, by 150- foot wide). Just prior to touchdown, the crew noticed that the alternator light was illuminated and the hydraulic pressure gauge indicated "0" pressure. The landing gear was already extended and the flaps were partially extended, and since they were on a single-engine approach, the crew elected to land the airplane.

The pilot reported that upon touch-down, he immediately turned on the direct current (DC) hydraulic pump. He then realized he was unable to use steer the airplane due to the lack of nose wheel steering, and the wheel brakes were ineffective. The pilot was unable to maintain directional control and the airplane veered to the right and exited the runway. The airplane collided with the airport perimeter fence and continued down into a drainage ditch. There was no post-impact fire.

The first officer submitted a written statement that described the same sequence of events.

Examination of the airplane by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) inspector, who responded to the accident site, revealed structural damage to the fuselage. Additionally, the leading edge of both wings exhibited large impact marks from the fence posts.

The operator reported that following the accident, the airplane was examined by a company mechanic. No leaks were found, and there appeared to be a sufficient amount of normal hydraulic fluid in the system. The operator also reported that the DC hydraulic pump switch did not appear as if it had been turned on and added that the switch was underneath a switch guard that was in place.

At 1353, the automated weather observing system at MFE reported wind from 350 degrees at five knots, five statute miles visibility, mist, overcast clouds at 500 feet, temperature 59 degrees Fahrenheit, dew point 57 degrees Fahrenheit, and an altimeter setting of 30.04 inches of Mercury.

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## **Pilot Information**

Certificate:	Airline Transport	Age:	57, Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Multi-engine Land; Single-engine Land	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	Helicopter	Restraint Used:	Seatbelt, Shoulder harness
Instrument Rating(s):	Airplane	Second Pilot Present:	Yes
Instructor Rating(s):	Airplane Multi-engine; Instrument Airplane	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 2 Valid Medicalw/waivers/lim.	Last FAA Medical Exam:	08/04/2004
Occupational Pilot:		Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	04/25/2004
Flight Time:	9500 hours (Total, all aircraft), 1500 hours (Total, this make and model), 9200 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 310 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 55 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft), 0 hours (Last 24 hours, all aircraft)		

### **Co-Pilot Information**

Certificate:	Commercial	Age:	25, Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Multi-engine Land; Single-engine Land	Seat Occupied:	Right
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	Seatbelt, Shoulder harness
Instrument Rating(s):	Airplane	Second Pilot Present:	Yes
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 1 Valid Medicalno waivers/lim.	Last FAA Medical Exam:	08/24/2004
Occupational Pilot:		Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	10/04/2004
Flight Time:	453 hours (Total, all aircraft), 120 hours (Total, this make and model), 225 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 130 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 80 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft)		

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Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	Convair	Registration:	N161FL
Model/Series:	580	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	No
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	430
Landing Gear Type:	Retractable - Tricycle	Seats:	3
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	11/15/2004, Continuous Airworthiness	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	58156 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:	49.4 Hours	Engines:	2 Turbo Prop
Airframe Total Time:	29586.7 Hours at time of accident	Engine Manufacturer:	Allison
ELT:	Installed, not activated	Engine Model/Series:	501-D13D
Registered Owner:	IFL Group Inc.	Rated Power:	4000 hp
Operator:	IFL Group Inc.	Operating Certificate(s) Held:	Supplemental
Operator Does Business As:	IFL Group Inc.	Operator Designator Code:	OGCB

Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Instrument Conditions	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	MFE, 107 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	0 Nautical Miles
Observation Time:	1353 CST	Direction from Accident Site:	
Lowest Cloud Condition:		Visibility	5 Miles
Lowest Ceiling:	Overcast / 500 ft agl	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	5 knots /	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:	350°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:	30.04 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	15°C / 14°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:			
Departure Point:	McAllen, TX (MFE)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	IFR
Destination:		Type of Clearance:	IFR
Departure Time:	CST	Type of Airspace:	Class B

# **Airport Information**

Airport:	McAllen Miller International (MFE)	Runway Surface Type:	Asphalt
Airport Elevation:	107 ft	Runway Surface Condition:	Wet
Runway Used:	13	IFR Approach:	ILS
Runway Length/Width:	7120 ft / 150 ft	VFR Approach/Landing:	None

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#### Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	3 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	3 None	Latitude, Longitude:	26.175833, -98.238611

#### **Administrative Information**

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Hector R Casanova	Report Date:	03/30/2005
Additional Participating Persons:	David Wagner; San Antonio FSDO; San Antonio	, TX	
Publish Date:			
Investigation Docket:	NTSB accident and incident dockets serve as permanent archival information for the NTSB's investigations. Dockets released prior to June 1, 2009 are publicly available from the NTSB's Record Management Division at <a href="mailto:publing@ntsb.gov">publing@ntsb.gov</a> , or at 800-877-6799. Dockets released after this date are available at <a href="http://dms.ntsb.gov/pubdms/">http://dms.ntsb.gov/pubdms/</a> .		

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB), established in 1967, is an independent federal agency mandated by Congress through the Independent Safety Board Act of 1974 to investigate transportation accidents, determine the probable causes of the accidents, issue safety recommendations, study transportation safety issues, and evaluate the safety effectiveness of government agencies involved in transportation. The NTSB makes public its actions and decisions through accident reports, safety studies, special investigation reports, safety recommendations, and statistical reviews.

The Independent Safety Board Act, as codified at 49 U.S.C. Section 1154(b), precludes the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an incident or accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report. A factual report that may be admissible under 49 U.S.C. § 1154(b) is available <a href="here">here</a>.

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