National Transportation Safety Board Washington, DC 20594

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Brief of Accident

Adopted 11/09/2009

ERA09LA266

Airplane

File No. 25657 04/26/2009 San Juan, PR Aircraft Reg No. N136FS Time (Local): 04:15 EDT Make/Model: Douglas / DC3 Fatal Serious Minor/None Engine Make/Model: P & W / R-1830-90D Crew 0 0 4 Aircraft Damage: Substantial Pass 0 0 0 Number of Engines: 2 Operating Certificate(s): On-demand Air Taxi Name of Carrier: Four Star Aviation Inc Type of Flight Operation: Non-scheduled; Domestic; Cargo Reg. Flight Conducted Under: Part 135: Air Taxi & Commuter Last Depart, Point: Same as Accident/Incident Location Condition of Light: Night Destination: Charlotte Amali, VI Weather Info Src: Weather Observation Facility Airport Proximity: On Airport/Airstrip Basic Weather: Visual Conditions Airport Name: Luis Munoz Marin International Lowest Ceiling: None Runway Identification: N/A Visibility: 10.00 SM Runway Length/Width (Ft): Unk/Nr Wind Dir/Speed: 100 / 004 Kts Temperature (°C): 24 Runway Surface: Precip/Obscuration: No Obscuration; No Precipitation Runway Surface Condition: Pilot-in-Command Age: 69 Flight Time (Hours) Certificate(s)/Rating(s) Total All Aircraft: 50233

Airline Transport; Commercial; Multi-engine Land; Single-engine Land

Last 90 Days: 150

Total Make/Model: 7000

Instrument Ratings

Total Instrument Time: 10851

*** Note: NTSB investigators may not have traveled in support of this investigation and used data provided by various sources to prepare this aircraft accident report. ***

During taxi to a runway, the instrument panel and cockpit floor erupted in flames. Examination of the wreckage revealed that the majority of the wires contained inside the main junction box had very little damage except for two wires that had insulation missing. The damage appeared to be associated with the routing of the two wires. Both wires were connected to the battery relay and ran through wires in and around the exposed terminal studs. Heat damage was noted on the insulation of wires and other components that were in contact with the exposed wires. The wires ran from the battery relay to the forward section of the cockpit, where the fire started. Due to the fire damage that consumed the cockpit, the examination was unable to determine what system the wires were associated with. Further examination revealed that the fuel pressure was a direct indicating system. Fuel traveled directly to the instruments in the cockpit via rigid aluminum lines routed on the right lower side of the fuselage, where more severe fire damage was noted. Review of maintenance records did not reveal any evidence of the fuel pressure indicating system lines and hoses having ever been replaced; however, they were only required to be replaced on an as-needed basis. The electrical system, instrument lines, and hoses through the nose compartment were required to be inspected on a Phase D inspection; the airplane's last Phase D inspection was completed about 9 months prior to the accident and the airplane had accrued 313.1 hours of operation since that inspection.

Updated at Nov 21 2009 2:00PM

Brief of Accident (Continued)

ERA09LA266 File No. 25657

04/26/2009

San Juan, PR

Aircraft Reg No. N136FS

Time (Local): 04:15 EDT

OCCURRENCES

Taxi-to runway - Fire/smoke (non-impact)

FINDINGS

Aircraft-Aircraft systems-Electrical power system-(general)-Damaged/degraded - C Aircraft-Aircraft systems-Fuel system-Fuel indication system-Damaged/degraded - C Aircraft-Fluids/misc hardware-Misc hardware-Hoses and tubes-Not specified

Findings Legend: (C) = Cause, (F) = Factor

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be:
Worn electrical wires and a fuel pressure indicating system hose, which resulted in a ground fire during taxi.